

## **WAYS OF RESTRICTING WEAPONS IN SCHOOLS TO CURB VIOLENCE**

Violence in schools is a major problem these days and should be prevented in the earliest stages possible to avoid stunted nation growth. Incidences of violence in schools have resulted in some students dropping out of school and others refusing to join school altogether. Such students have developed a mindset that the schools are no longer safe. Violent activities have continued to disturb teachers, parents and students even in countryside schools. To create a better future for schools, the government in collaboration with school administrators should take appropriate actions to curb school violence hence improving the situation.

## **NEED FOR A PLAN**

Administrators handle dozens of “situations” each week, and it is easy to become complacent about them and our abilities to handle them. But weapons incidents go beyond our areas of expertise. What is true for every situation is the need for a plan. Past school tragedies involving weapons demand that we formulate plans that focus on being able to immediately respond to the unthinkable. These situations erupt quickly—entire episodes may last only minutes—minutes that must be used as efficiently as possible. Effective planning leads to emergency preparedness, which means crucial extra moments when there is a ticking clock.

## **GUN VIOLENCE IN SCHOOLS**

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## GUN VIOLENCE

School violence is a big threat that is increasing by passing days. Violence is a traumatic event and when children suffer from violence in school, it is just a shocking incidence. Gun violence should be controlled in school so as to maintain peace. Young generation is very well aware of the gun violence in school as it is very common thing. But in this case it is the parents' as well as schools duty to stop the child from joining violent groups in school. This is possible by applying simple methods. Parents should support their kids in all ways when the children are suffering from mental tensions.



## STOP GUN VIOLENCE

The question of how to stop incidents of gun violence on campus may best be understood by looking at the connection between "who" is committing the violence, "where" the incidents occur, "who" are the intended victims, and "why". Think about it. These offenders are not gangsters, not drug dealers or street criminals. The incidents don't seem to be racially motivated or hate crimes. The perpetrators were almost always registered students of the school.

The most common thread is the location...our high schools and middle schools. The shooters were almost always male, and to varying degrees not apart of the mainstream school social structure. Most were described as loners, the subject of bullying, and interested in guns or violent first-person shooter video games. In almost every case some other student or friend knew about their desire to shoot someone at the school but didn't take it seriously and therefore didn't report it.

**STOP!**

Sure, we can make it more difficult to bring guns onto campus. But this will come at a cost of personal freedom. We can build a fortress-like school with higher fences, taller block walls, limit access to one gate, close the campus, install magnetometers and x-ray machines, and conduct pat downs and routine locker searches. We can add armed guards and police officers, add state-of-the-art video surveillance, and limit sport field activities. All of these security measures will be expensive and not likely to be supported by any school district for very long. In my opinion, these are not viable solutions for the long term..

